SECTION 1

SDS Number: EI02 Product Name: ITO

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Product name ITO
Product code EI02

Chemicals and company identification

Company name CANON OPTRON INC.

Address 1744-1, Kanakubo, Yuki-shi, Ibaraki-ken, 307-0015 Japan

Section name

Sales Department

Telephone number +81-296-21-3700

Fax number +81-296-21-3770

Emergency telephone tumber +81-296-21-3700

Use Vacuum deposition material

### SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Health hazards

GHS Classification (A classification by JIS Z 7252 "classification methods such as chemical substances based on GHS")

Physical hazards Explosives Classification not possible

Flammable gases

Aerosols

Oxidizing gases

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Gas under pressure

Not applicable

Flammable liquids

Not applicable

Flammable solids Classification not possible Self-reactive substances and mixtures Classification not possible

Pyrophoric liquids Not applicable

Pyrophoric solids Classification not possible
Self-heating substances and mixtures Classification not possible
Substances and mixtures which,in Classification not possible

contact with water, emit flammable gases

Oxidizing liquids Not applicable

Oxidizing solids

Classification not possible

Corrosive to metals

Classification not possible

Classification not possible

Classification not possible

Classification not possible

Acute toxicity(oral) Not classified

Acute toxicity(dermal) Classification not possible

Acute toxicity (Inhalation: Gases) Not applicable

Acute toxicity (Inhalation: Vapors) Classification not possible



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Acute toxicity (Inhalation: Dusts and

mists)

Classification not possible

Skin corrosion/irritation Classification not possible

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B

Respiratory sensitization Classification not possible Skin sensitization Classification not possible Germ cell mutagenicity Classification not possible

Carcinogenicity Category 1B

Reproductive toxicity Classification not possible Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via Classification not possible lactation

Specific target organ toxicity(single

exposure)

Classification not possible

Specific target organ toxicity(repeated

exposure)

Category 1

Aspiration hazard Classification not possible

Hazardous to the aquatic environment Environmental hazards

Short-term(acute)

Classification not possible

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Long-term(chronic)

Classification not possible

Hazardous to the ozone layer Classification not possible

Label elements

hazard Pictograms

Health Hazard



Signal word

Danger

Dangerous goods hazard

information

Causes eye irritation.

May cause cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Respiratory

Precautionary statements

[Safety measures]

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wear Protective glovess/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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[First-aid measures]

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

[Storage] Store locked up.

[Disposal] Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

[Other hazards] -

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/Mixture Mixture

Chemical name Indium oxide Tin oxide

Chemical formula In2O3 SnO2

Concentration or concentration

range

In2O3 : 88- 99% SnO2 : 1- 12% Total = 100%

CAS No. 1312-43-2 18282-10-5

TSCA Inventry Indium oxide (In2O3) Tin oxide (SnO2)

EINECS number 215–193–9 242–159–0

Radioactive information Radioactive substances are not used as the material. Therefore, there is no

reason that ionizing radiation would be generated.

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Inhalation Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with

water/shower.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: :Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rising.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion Rinse mouth.

Get medical advice/attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available

Protection of first aiders Rescuers, wear suitable protective equipment as the situation demands.

Special precautions for physicians No data available

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

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Suitable extinguishing media

It uses a water mist, dry chemicals, fire foam, carbon dioxide depending on the

neighboring situation and the situation of the fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Because a fire might spread through the outskirts, It avoid direct stick irrigation.

Specific hazards

In the case of fires, a toxic decomposition product may occur.

Specific extinguishing methods

It performs the fire fighting from windward.

Restrict access to the area around the fire location to persons other than those

involved with the fire.

It moves a container from the fire area if not dangerous.

Special protective equipment for

firefighters

On the occasion of fire extinguishing work, it wears appropriate personal

protective equipment and rescue suit.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective

equipment, and emergency

procedures

It prohibits the entrance except the person concerned.

The worker wears appropriate personal protective equipment (in item of "8.revelation prevention and protection measures" reference) and avoids eyes,

contact and inhalation to skin.

Environmental precautions

It avoids an outflow to the environmental average of the product to have

possibilities to influence neighboring environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up It collects it in sky containers as if sweeping the scattered thing, and gathering you, or being able to absorb it with a vacuum sweeper, and from scattering not

pitching a camp.

The prohibition of handling and eating and drinking in neighboring of the storage

area.

It prevents the inflow to a drainage, a sewer, a basement or the closedown place.

Secondary disaster prevention

measures

No data available

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures Take measures for equipment as described in "8. Exposure controls/personal

protection" and wear protective equipment.

Safety handling precautions It prevents you from producing dust.

Refer to "10. Stability and reactivity." Avoidance of contact

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Hygiene measures

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

> Safe storage conditions It avoids direct rays of the sun and keeps it in the cool and dark space.

Store locked up.

It uses the container which it can seal up without damage and the leak. Safety packaging material

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SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>In2O3</u>

Permissible concentration

ACGIH TLV-TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ (as indium)

(indium and the compound)

(2016 version)

TLV-TWA: 2 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction of the

aerosol)

SnO<sub>2</sub>

(Tin, and inorganic compounds, excluding Tin

hydride, as Sn) (2019 version)

Appropriate engineering controls

In the work shop which dust produces, it uses a device, an apparatus sealed up by

all means or a local ventilator.

The capture velocity of the local exhaust ventilation is prescribed to 1.0m per

second.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective

equipment

Hand protection Protective gloves

Skin protection Protective clothing

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid

Form Pellets, granules

Colour Pale yellow

Odour None

<u>In2O3</u> <u>SnO2</u>

Melting point/freezing point 1,912 degrees Celsius - 2,000 degrees

No data available

Celsius

Boiling point or initial boiling point

and boiling range

Flammability

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

No data available 1800∼1900°C

No data available No data available

No data available Not applicable

No data available Not applicable

850°C No data available

1127°C

Not applicable

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4~5 (20°C) (GESTIS (Access on August рΗ No data available 2019))

Kinematic viscosity

Solubility

Water

No data available Not applicable

Other solvents

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

Vapour pressure

Density and/or relative density

(Density)

Insoluble Insoluble No data available No data available No data available No data available 0.01 hPa (Sigma-aldrich) No data available 7.18 6.95 g/cm (ICSC (2004))

※ 3.9 ~ 4.8 (pellet) as ITO

Relative vapor density Particle characteristics

Other information

No data available	Not applicable
No data available	No data available
No data available	No data available

### SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

<u>In2O3</u> SnO<sub>2</sub>

Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition products

It is stable in the normal handling.	See "Possibility of hazardous reaction."
It is stable in normal handling.	No data available
Dangerous adverse reaction is not caused under the normal handling condition.	Reacts strongly with strong reducing agents.
It avoid direct rays of the sun and keep it in the cool and dark space.	Contact with incompatible materials
Oxidizer, reducer	Strong reducing agents
In the case of fires, a toxic decomposition product may occur.	No data available

#### SECTION 11 Toxicological information

In203 SnO<sub>2</sub>

Acute toxicity(oral)

For a rat LD50 price, > 10,000 mg/kg (PATTY, (6th, 2012))

LD50 for rats: > 2,000 mg/kg (REACH registration dossier (Access on August 2019))

Acute toxicity(dermal)

Acute toxicity (Inhalation: Gases)

Acute toxicity (Inhalation: Vapours)

No data available No data available Solid (GHS definition) Solid (GHS definition) Solid (GHS definition) No data available



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Acute toxicity (Inhalation: Dusts and mists)	No data available	(1) LC50 (aerosol, 4 hours) for rats: > 2.04 mg/L (REACH registration dossier (Access on August 2019)). (2) As for (1), it is described that 2.04 mg/L was the highest chamber concentration achieved (REACH registration dossier (Access on August 2019)).
Skin corrosion/irritation	Classification not possible due to lack of data. Besides, it is described that indium and indium compounds are irritating to the skin (HSDB (Access on June 2016)). Since the information source is listed in List 3, and the original literature cannot be confirmed, this information was not adopted.	In an in vitro skin corrosion test according to OECD TG 431 using an artificial human skin model (EpiDerm), survival rates were > 50% and > 15% after 3-minute and 60-minute exposures, respectively (REACH registration dossier (Access on August 2019)).
Serious eye damage/irritation	It is described that indium irritates the eyes and the respiratory tract, and causes coughs and shortness of breath by inhalation (Environmental Risk Assessment for Chemical Substances Vol.11 (Ministry of the Environment, 2013)). Therefore, this substance was classified in Category 2B.	In an eye irritation test according to OECD TG 405 with rabbits, slight conjunctival redness and edema were observed one hour after application, however, these changes were fully reversible after 24 hours (REACH registration dossier (Access on August 2019)).
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No data available	The EC3 value could not be calculated as the stimulation indices of all concentrations were below 3 in a mouse local lymph node test (LLNA) according to OECD TG 429, and it was judged as negative (REACH registration dossier (Access on August 2019)).
Germ cell mutagenicity	Classification not possible due to lack of data. No in vivo data is available. As for in vitro data, it was reported a bacterial reversion mutation test was negative (Environmental Risk Assessment for Chemical Substances Vol.11 (Ministry of the Environment, 2013)).	No data available

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Carcinogenicity

No data is available regarding carcinogenicity No data available in humans. As for experimental animals, in an inhalation exposure carcinogenicity test in which both rats or mice were exposed to indium tin oxide (ITO), containing 90.06% of indium oxide and 9.74% of tin oxide, at concentrations of  $0.01 - 0.1 \text{ mg/m}^3$  for 2 years (26 weeks only for rats in a high concentration group due to lung injury), in mice, no carcinogenic response occurred. As for rats, however, increases in the incidences of lung tumors such as bronchiolar-alveolar adenomas and carcinomas were observed in both males and females (OEL Documentations (Japan Society For Occupational Health (JSOH), 2013). Environmental Risk Assessment for Chemical Substances Vol.11 (Ministry of the Environment, 2013)). Also, in a test in which rats or mice were exposed to indium phosphide by inhalation at concentrations of 0.03 - 0.3 mg/m, for 2 years for the lowconcentration groups and for 21 - 22 weeks for the medium- and high-concentration groups (shortened due to lung injury), bronchiolar-alveolar adenoma and carcinomas were observed in both rats and mice. In addition, increases in the incidences of pheochromocytomas of the adrenal gland, mononuclear cell leukemia, tumors of the skin and the mammary gland were observed in rats; and the incidences of liver tumors were significantly increased in mice (OEL Documentations (Japan Society For Occupational Health (JSOH), 2013)), NTP TR499 (2001), Environmental Risk Assessment for Chemical Substances Vol. 11 (Ministry of the Environment, 2013)).

As the classifications by other organizations, IARC classified indium phosphide in Group 2A (IARC 86 (2006)), and the Japan Society For Occupational Health classified hardly soluble inorganic indium compounds in Group 2A (Recommendation of Occupational Exposure Limits (Japan Society For Occupational Health (JSOH), 2015)). Therefore, this substance was classified in Category 1B for this hazard class.

Besides, because the classifications by other organizations were published after the previous classification, the classification result changed this time.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

No data available

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Specific target organ toxicity(single exposure)

Classification not possible due to lack of data, Besides, although in the Environmental Risk Assessment for Chemical Substances Vol.11 (Ministry of the Environment, 2013), indium is described as irritant to the respiratory tract, it was quoted from ICSC, and the original literature could not be confirmed. Also it is not clear whether this is a description concerning only metallic indium or a description concerning indium compounds in general.

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity(repeated exposure)

As for humans, in Japan, there are case reports of interstitial pneumonitis and fibrosis and investigation reports showing increases in KL-6, SP-D and SP-A values, which are indicators of interstitial pneumonitis, in workers at the manufacturing [Reference Data, etc.] and processing plants of indium tin compounds (ITO), recycling plants of indium and indium oxide manufacturing plants; and it no effect was observed at up to 440 has been clarified that lung diseases, mostly interstitial pneumonitis, occur due to exposure to ITO or indium oxide (OEL Documentations (Japan Society For Occupational Health (JSOH), 2013)).

As for experimental animals, in a 13-week inhalation exposure test using rats, effects in the lungs (infiltration of alveolar macrophages, alveolar proteinosis, hyperplasia of alveolar epithelium, etc.) were observed at 1 mg/m (converted guidance value: 0.00072 mg/L), which is equivalent to Category 1. However, for the oral route, in a 3-month administration toxicity study using rats dosed by feeding, no toxic effects were observed even at a dose equivalent to 4,000 mg/kg/day (Environmental Risk Assessment for Chemical Substances Vol.11 (Ministry of the Environment, 2013)).

Besides, in the previous classification, in addition to respiratory organs, the skeleton and digestive system were determined as target organs, based on the information that the TLV-TWA for indium and its compounds was set based on the skeletal and gastrointestinal effects, and particularly pulmonary toxicity by inhalation into the lungs in ACGIH (7th, 2001). However, this was based on a "Preliminary Investigation" on exposure to indium compounds by the EPA. As it was a preliminary investigation and is also considered to have low reliability due to no information other than the symptom names based on complaints, etc., it was not adopted as the evidence for the classification.

Therefore, this substance was classified in Category 1 (respiratory organs).

(1) Inhalation exposure to the dust and fume of tin (oxide) is recognized to result in stannosis, mild pneumoconiosis (ACGIH (7th, 2019)).

(2) In a study in which this substance was administered by feeding to rats for 13 weeks, mg/kg/day (ATSDR (2005)).

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Aspiration hazard

No data available

Other information

No data available

SECTION 12 Ecological information

<u>In2O3</u> <u>SnO2</u>

Toxicity

Hazardous to the aquatic environment Short-term(acute)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment Long-term(chronic)

Persistence and degradablility

Bioaccumulative potential

Mobility in soil

Hazard to the ozone layer

Other adverse effects

No data available	No data available
No data available	No data available
No data available	No data available
No data available	No data available
No data available	No data available
No data available	No data available
No data available	No data available

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

prefectural governor.

Contaminated container and contaminated packaging

The container is recycled after being cleaned, or is appropriately processed

according to the standards of related laws and regulations.

When disposing of empty containers, the contents should be completely removed.

SECTION 14 Transport information

<u>In2O3</u> <u>SnO2</u>

International regulation

UN number

UN proper shipping name

**UN** classification

Transport hazard class

Packing group

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable	Not applicable
Not applicable	Not applicable
No data available	No data available
No data available	No data available

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Japanese lows and regulations	Land regulation information Not applicable Maritime regulatory information non- hazardous materials Aviation regulatory information non- hazardous materials	Refer to "15. Regulatory information."
Special precautions for users	When transporting, protect from direct sunlight and take on cargo without breakage of container, corrosion and leakage.  Do not stack heavy good thereupon.	When transporting, protect from direct sunlight and take on cargo without breakage of container, corrosion and leakage.  Do not stack heavy good thereupon.
Special Provisions	-	-

## SECTION 15 Regulatoly information (Japan)

	<u>In2O3</u>	<u>SnO2</u>
Occupational Safety and Health Law	There is it in the case of an application or an application	There is it in the case of an application or an application
PRTR Law	There is it in the case of an application or an application	Not applicable
Poisonous and Deleterious Substances control Law	Not applicable	Not applicable
Labor Standards Act	There is it in the case of an application or an application	Not applicable
Chemical substances control Law	Not applicable	Not applicable
Fire fighting Law	Not applicable	Not applicable
Air Pollution Control Act	There is it in the case of an application or an application	Not applicable
Water Pollution Prevention Act	Not applicable	Not applicable
Water Supply Act	Not applicable	Not applicable
Sewerage Act	Not applicable	Not applicable
Marine Pollution Prevention Law	Not applicable	Not applicable
Waste Management and Public Cleansing Act	Not applicable	Not applicable
Note	Ensure this material in compliance with federal requirements and ensure	

### SECTION 16 Other information

Please refer to Japan Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare notification.

①About thorough prevention of healthy obstacle by handling work such as the indium tin oxide

conformity to local regulations.

②A technical indicator about the prevention of healthy obstacle by handling work such as the indium tin oxide (1222 the second December 22, 2010)



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The Safety Data Sheet (SDS) has been prepared based on currently available materials, information and data, and may be revised based on new information. Further, the important points in the SDS are made for the purpose of normal handling. When handling the user product in a specialized manner, take the appropriate safety measures for the application or method. Further, Canon Optron Inc. has paid sufficient attention to the described contents of the SDS, but does not guarantee the

The SDS prepared by our company includes all findings from our investigation for reference. Not applicable to all items listed.

## Literature Reference

accuracy of its contents.

[WEB site]
National Institute of Technology and Evaluation Homepage
Japan Advanced Information Center of Safety and Health Homepage
Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare Homepage
[Regulatory review Tools]
ezCRIC+ (Japan Chemical Database Ltd)